PROGRAM GOAL AND OBJECTIVES

The Perinatal Hepatitis B Prevention Program's overall goal is *to reduce the incidence of hepatitis B in infants born to infected (HBsAg-positive) mothers*. Achievement of this goal involves identifying HBsAg-positive pregnant women and their household/sexual contacts and establishing an effective follow-up system to assure that infants born to HBsAg-positive mothers receive appropriate post-exposure prophylaxis and susceptible contacts receive a three-dose series of hepatitis B vaccine. Appropriate post-exposure prophylaxis for these infants includes hepatitis B immune globulin (HBIG) and hepatitis B vaccine, shortly after birth, followed by 2 additional doses of vaccine (at 1-2 months and 6 months of age).

Objectives to attain this goal include:

- Assure that 100% of all pregnant women who deliver are screened for HBsAg prenatally or at delivery.
- Assure that 95% of expected births to HBsAg-positive mothers are identified.
- Assure that at least 95% of infants born to identified HBsAg-positive mothers receive hepatitis B immune globulin (HBIG) and Dose #1 of hepatitis B vaccine within 7 days of birth and complete the 3-dose hepatitis B vaccine series by 6-8 months of age.
- Assure that at least 90% of susceptible sexual partner(s) and household contacts of identified HBsAg-positive pregnant women complete the 3-dose hepatitis B vaccine series.